MC34063A

DC-to-DC Converter Control Circuits

October 1997 – revised June 1999

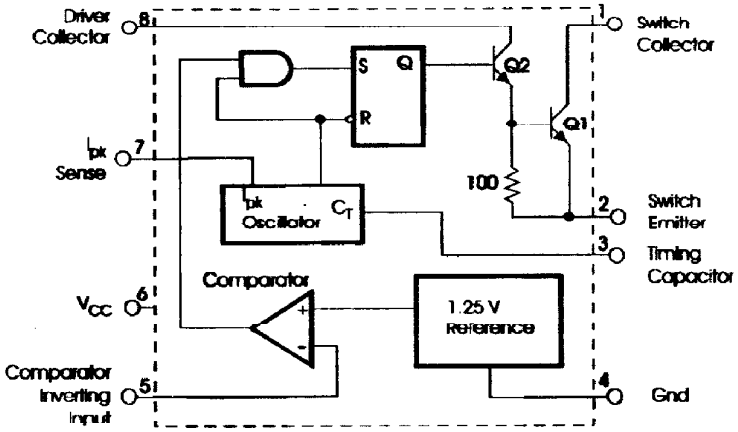
DESCRIPTION

The MC34063A Series is a monolithic control circuit containing the primary functions required for DC-to-DC converters. These devices consist of an internal temperature compensated reference, comparator, controlled duty cycle oscillator with an active current limit circuit, driver and high current output switch. This series was specifically designed to be incorporated in Step-Down and Step-Up and Voltage-Inverting applications with a minimum number of external components.

FEATURES

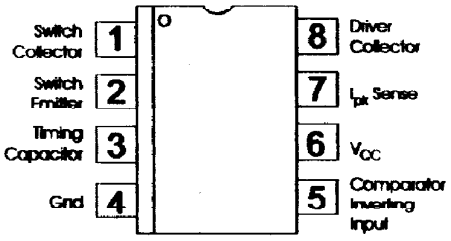
- Operation from 3.0 V to 40 V Input
- Low Standby Current
- Current Limiting
- Output Switch Current to 1.5 A
- Output Voltage Adjustable
- Frequency Operation to 100 kHz
- Precision 2% Reference

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



(Bottom View)

PIN CONNECTIONS



(Top View)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	40	Vdc
Comparator Input Voltage Range	V_{IR}	-0.3 to +40	Vdc
Switch Collector Voltage	$V_{C(switch)}$	40	Vdc
Switch Emitter Voltage (V_{PIN1} = 40 V)	$V_{E(switch)}$	40	Vdc
Switch Collector to Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE(switch)}$	40	Vdc
Driver Collector Voltage	$V_{C(driver)}$	40	Vdc
Driver Collector Current (Note 1)	$I_{C(driver)}$	100	mA
Switch Current	I_{SW}	1.5	A
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	+150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T_A	0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = T_{low} to T_{high}, unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OSCILLATOR					
Frequency (V_{pin5} = 0V, C_T = 1.0 nF, T_A = 25°C)	f_{OSC}	24	33	42	kHz
Charge Current (V_{CC} = 5.0V to 40V, T_A = 25°C)	I_{chg}	24	35	42	µA
Discharge Current (V_{CC} = 5.0V to 40V, T_A = 25°C)	I_{dischg}	140	220	260	µA
Discharge to Charge Current Ratio (Pin 7 to V_{CC}, T_A = 25°C)	I_{dischg}/ I_{chg}	5.2	6.5	7.5	–
Current Limit Sense Voltage (I_{chg} = I_{dischg}, T_A = 25°C)	Vipk(sence)	250	300	350	mV
OUTPUT SWITCH (NOTE 2)					
Saturation Voltage, Darlington Connection (I_{SW} = 1.0 A, Pins 1, 8 connected)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	–	1.0	1.3	V
Saturation Voltage, Darlington Connection (I_{SW} = 1.0 A, $R_{pin\ 8}$ = 82Ω to V_{CC}, Forced β ≅ 20)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	–	0.45	0.7	V
DC Current Gain (I_{SW} = 1.0 A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V, T_A = 25°C)	h_{FE}	50	75	–	–
Collector Off-State Current (V_{CE} = 40 V)	$I_{C(off)}$	–	40	100	µA
COMPARATOR					
Threshold Voltage (I_A=25°C) (T_A =T_{low} to T_{high})	Vth	1.225 1.21	1.25 –	1.275 1.29	V
Threshold Voltage Line Regulation (Vcc=3.0 V to 40 V)	Reg_{line}	–	1.4	5.0	mV
Input Bias Current (Vin=0 V)	I_{IB}	—	-20	-400	nA
TOTAL DEVICE					
Supply Current (Vcc = 5.0 V to 40 V, C_T = 1.0 nF, Pin 7 = V_{CC}, Vpin 5 > Vth, Pin 2 = Gnd, remaining pins open)	I_{CC}	–	–	4.0	mA

NOTES :

1. Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.
2. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient temperature as possible.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1. Output Switch On-Off Time versus Oscillator Timing Capacitor

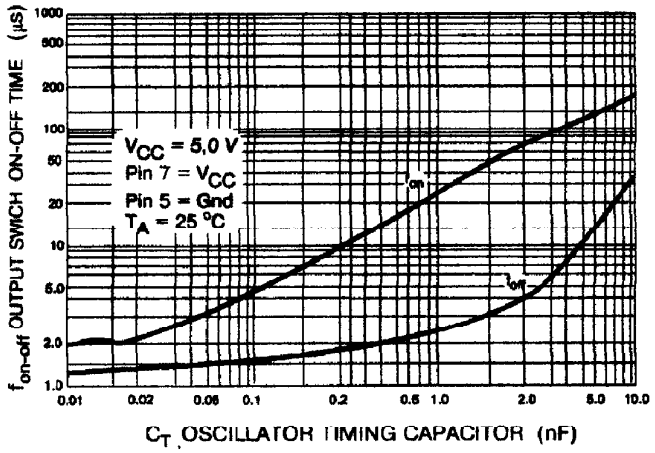


Figure 2. Timing Capacitor Waveform

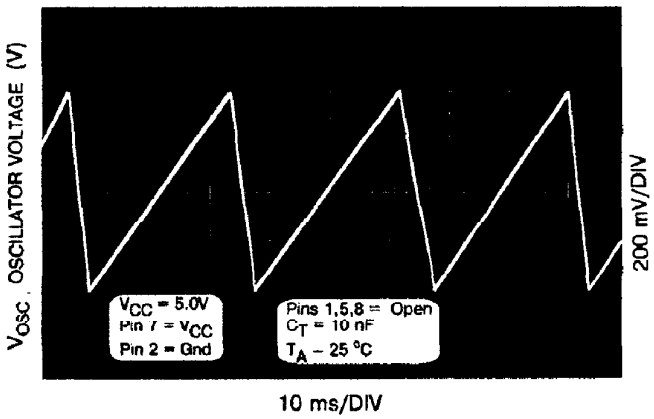


Figure 3. Emitter Follower Configuration Output Saturation Voltage versus Emitter Current

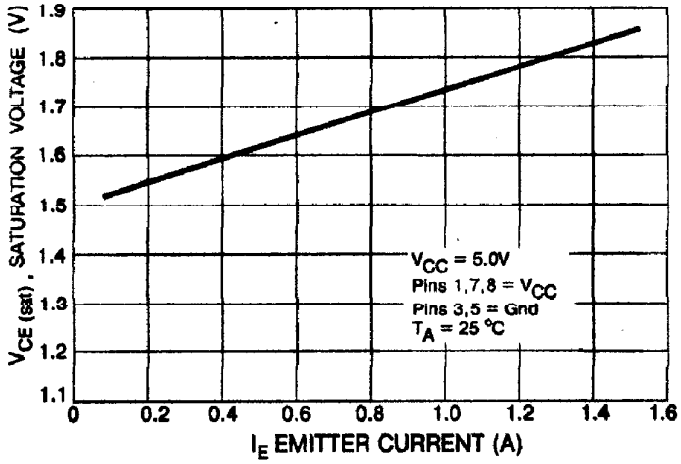


Figure 4. Common Emitter Configuration Output Switch Voltage versus Collector Current

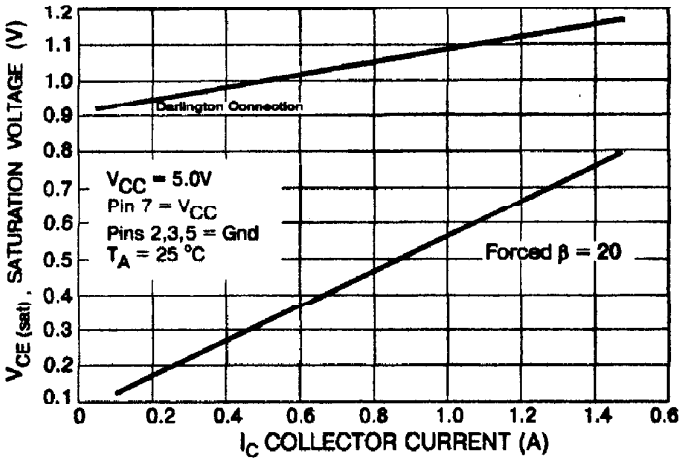


Figure 5. Current Limit Sense Voltage versus Temperature

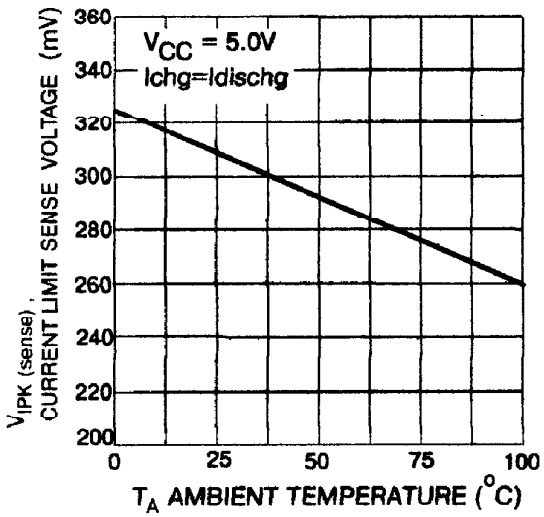
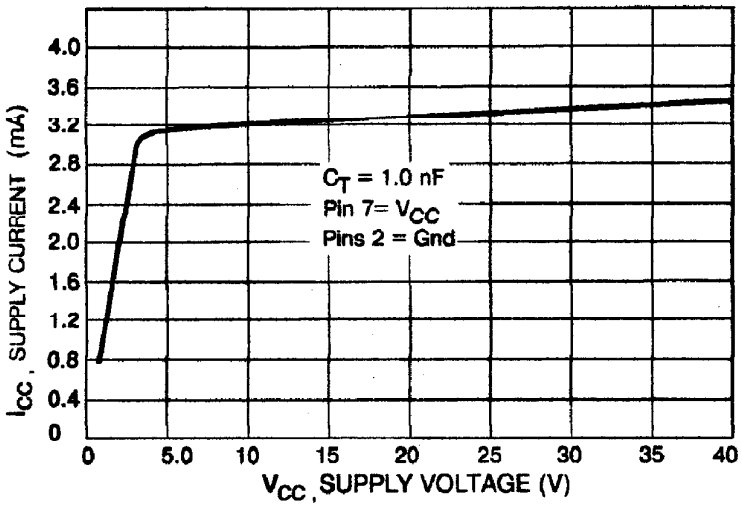


Figure 6. Standby Supply Current versus Supply Voltage



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 1. Step-Up Converter

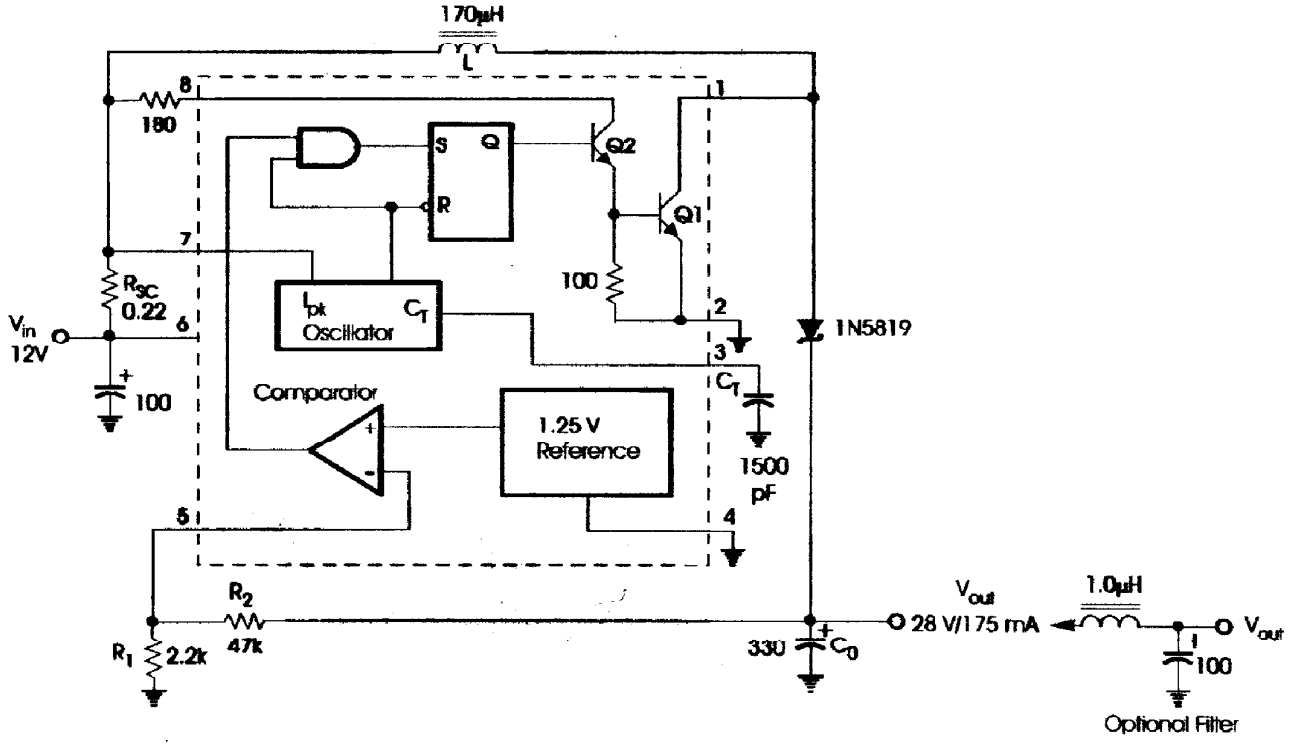
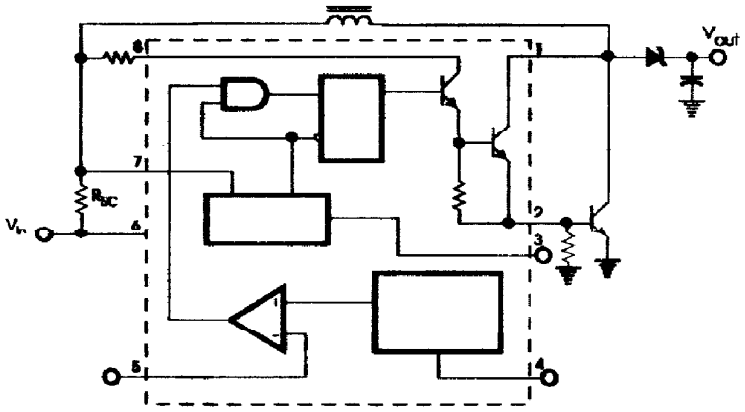


Figure 2. External Current Boost Connections for I_C Peak Greater than 1.5 A

2a. External NPN Switch



2b. External NPN Saturated Switch

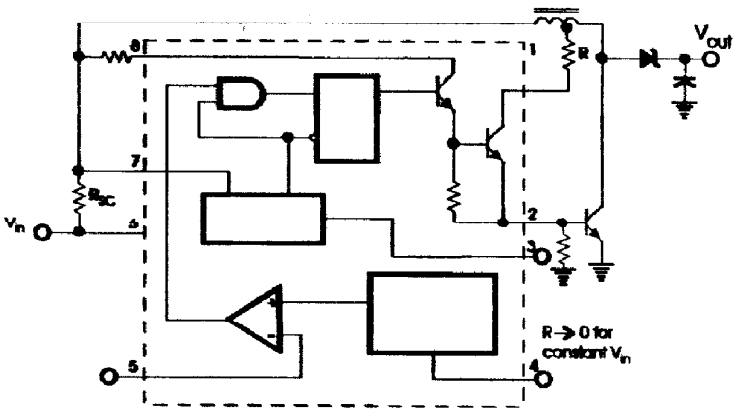


Figure 3. Step-Down Converter

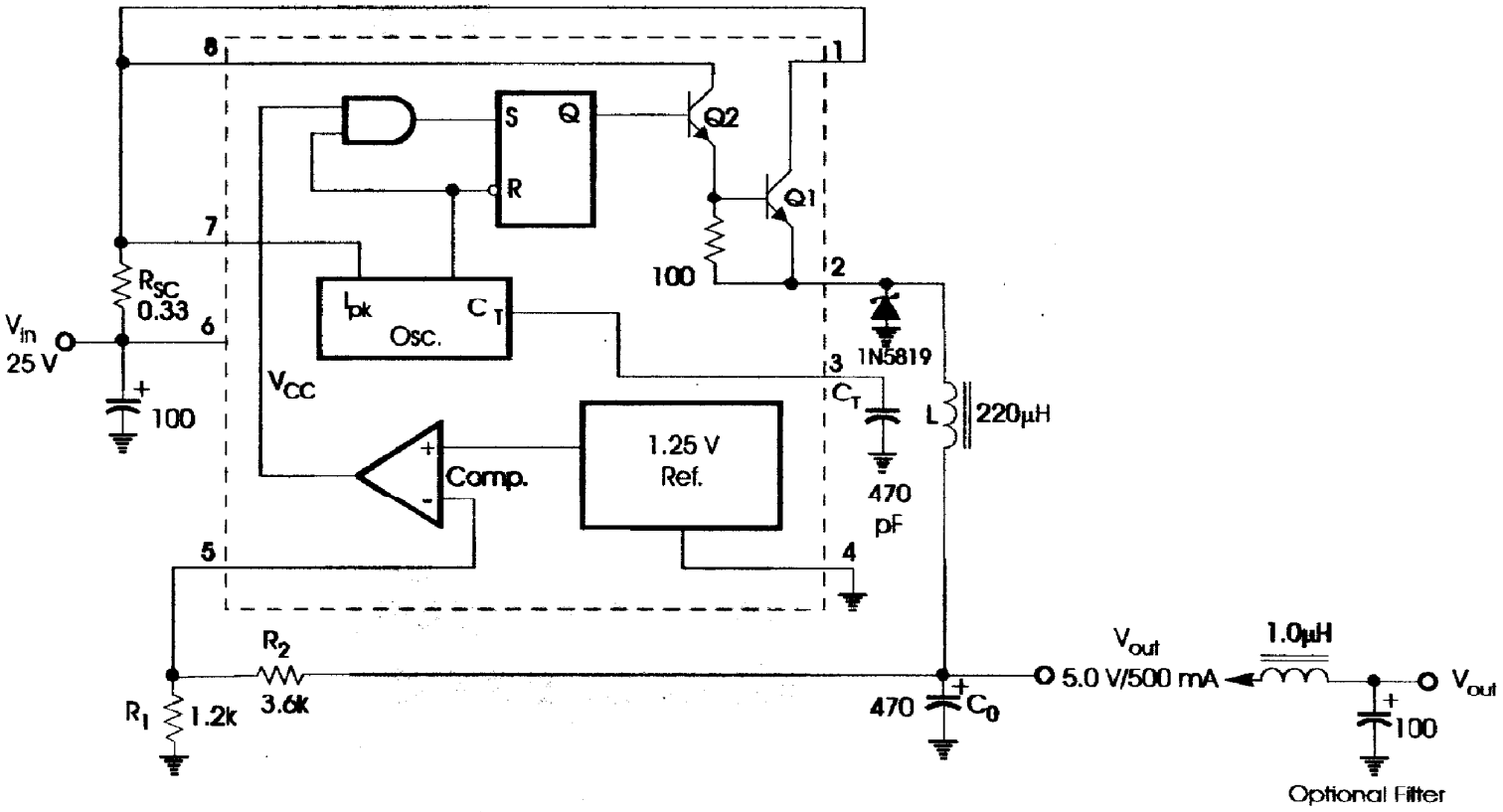
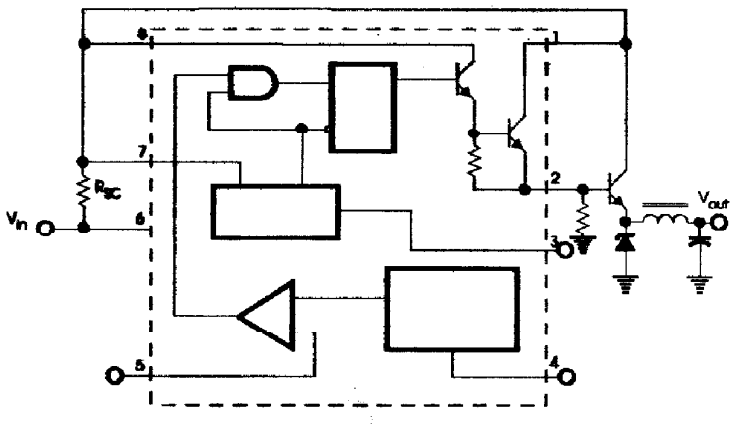


Figure 4. External Current Boost Connections for I_C Peak Greater than 1.5 A

4a. External NPN Switch



4b. External NPN Switch

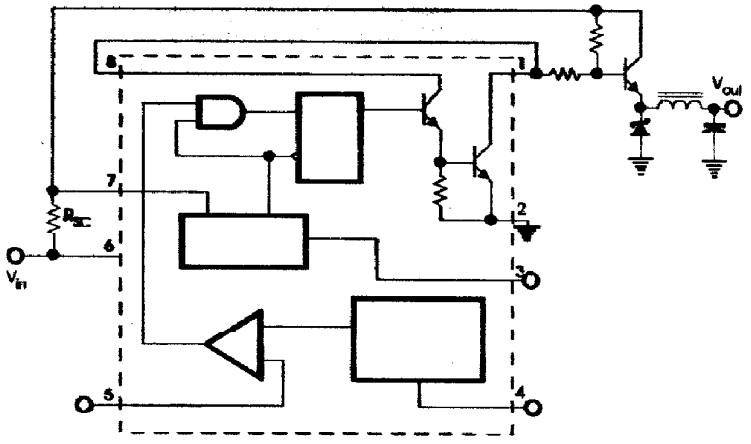


Figure 5. Voltage Inverting Converter

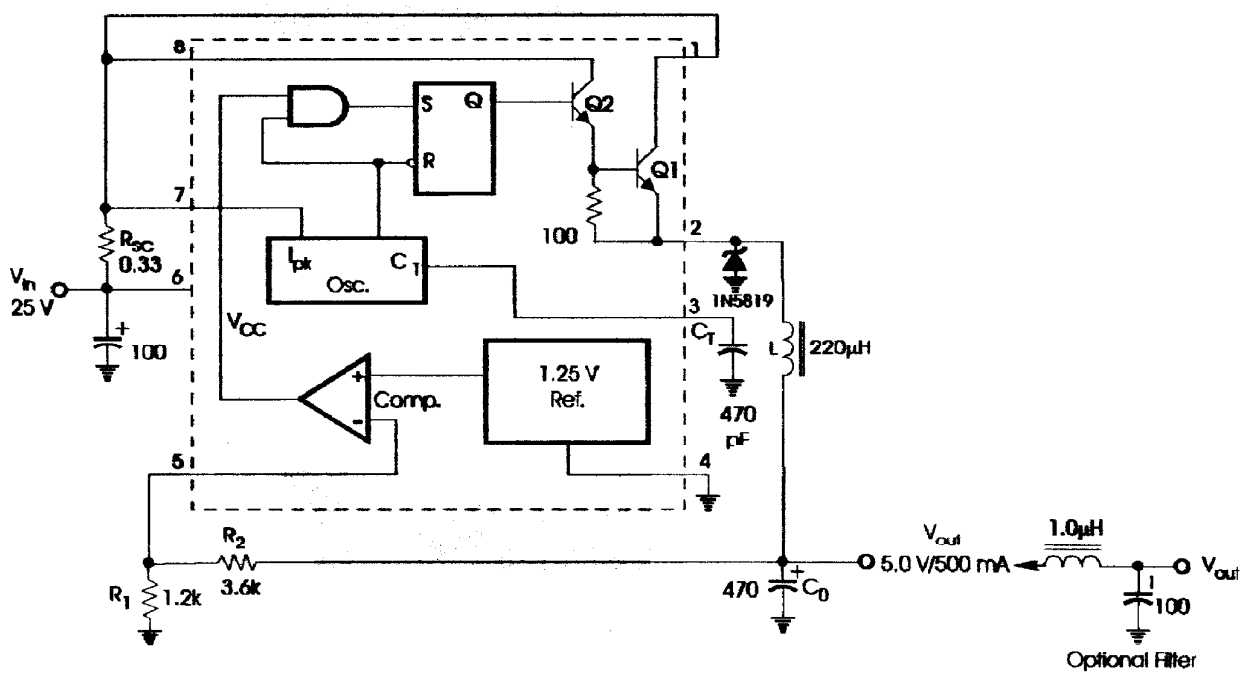
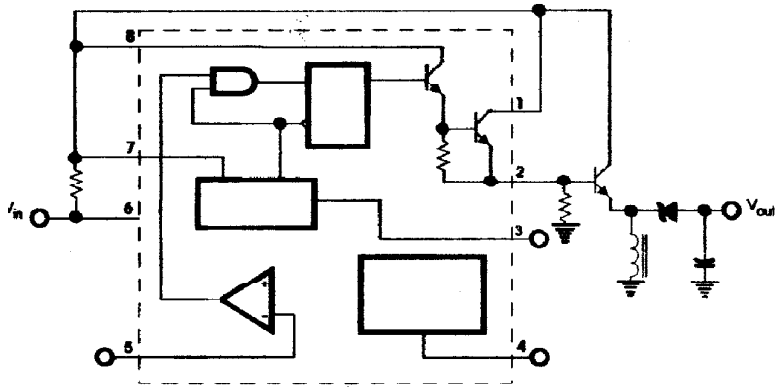


Figure 6. External Current Boost Connections for I_C Peak Greater than 1.5 A

6a. External NPN Switch



6b. External PNP Saturated Switch

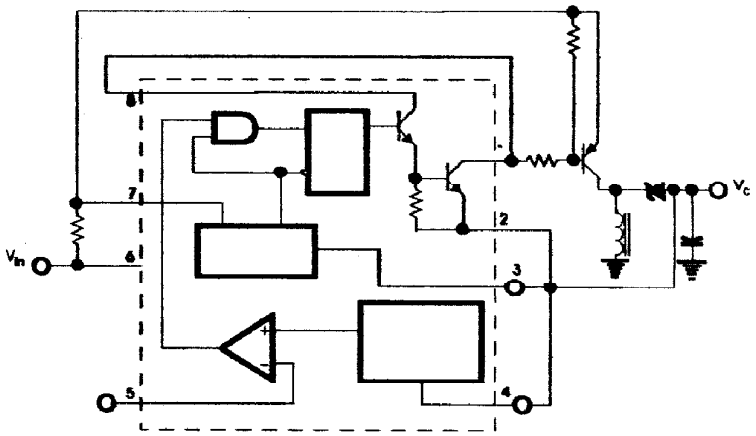


Figure 7. Design Formula Table

Calculation	Step-Up	Step-Down	Voltage-Inverting
t_{on}/t_{off}	$\frac{V_{out}+V_F-V_{in(min)}}{V_{in(min)}-V_{sat}}$	$\frac{V_{out}+V_F}{V_{in(min)}-V_{sat}-V_{out}}$	$\frac{\lvert V_{out}\rvert+V_F}{V_{in}-V_{sat}}$
$(t_{on}+t_{off})max$	$\frac{1}{f_{min}}$	$\frac{1}{f_{min}}$	$\frac{1}{f_{min}}$
C_T	$4.0 \times 10^{-5}\ t_{on}$	$4.0 \times 10^{-5}\ t_{on}$	$4.0 \times 10^{-5}\ t_{on}$
$I_{pk(switch)}$	$2I_{out(max)}\left(\frac{t_{on}}{t_{off}}+1\right)$	$2I_{out(max)}$	$2I_{out(max)}\left(\frac{t_{on}}{t_{off}}+1\right)$
R_{SC}	$0.3/I_{pk(switch)}$	$0.3/I_{pk(switch)}$	$0.3/I_{pk(switch)}$
$L_{(min)}$	$\left(\frac{V_{in(min)}-V_{sat}}{I_{pk(switch)}}\right)=t_{on(max)}$	$\left(\frac{V_{in(min)}-V_{sat}-V_{out}}{I_{pk(switch)}}\right)=t_{on(max)}$	$\left(\frac{V_{in(min)}-V_{sat}}{I_{pk(switch)}}\right)=t_{on(max)}$
C_O	$9\frac{I_{out}t_{on}}{V_{ripple(pp)}}$	$\frac{I_{pk(switch)}(t_{on}+t_{off})}{8V_{ripple(pp)}}$	$9\frac{I_{out}t_{on}}{V_{ripple(pp)}}$

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

V_{sat} - Saturation voltage of the output switch.

V_F - Forward voltage drop of the output rectifier.

The following power supply characteristics must be chosen:

V_{in} - Nominal input voltage.

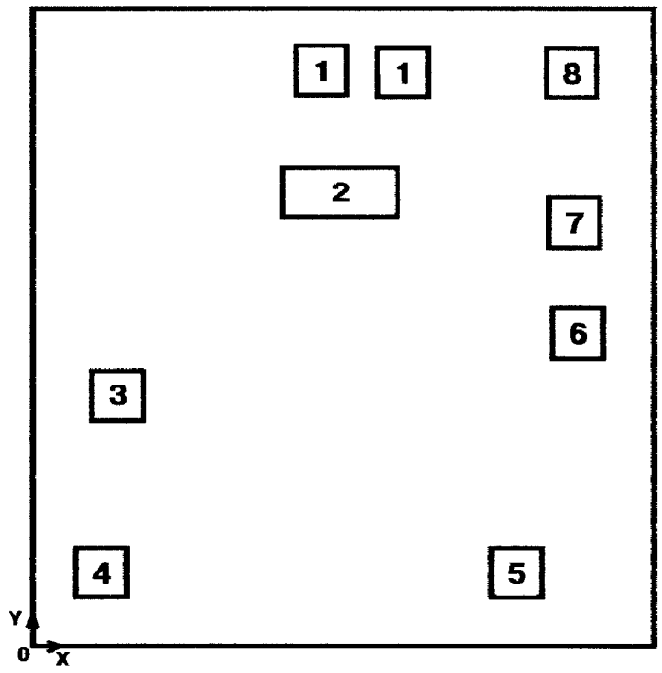
V_{out} - Desired output voltage, $|V_{out}| = 1.25\left(1+\frac{R_2}{R_1}\right)$

I_{out} - Desired output current.

f_{min} - Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values of V_{in} and I_O.

$V_{ripple(p-p)}$ – Desired peack-to-peack output ripple voltage. In practice, the calculated capacitor value will need to be increased due to its equivalent series resistance and board layout. The ripple voltage should be kept to a low value since it will directly affect the line and load regulation.

Pad Location MC 34063A



Chip size: 1.72 x 1.82 mm

Pad N	Pad name
1	Switch Collector (Note 1)
2	Switch Emitter (Note 1)
3	Timing Capacitor
4	Gnd
5	Comparator Inverting Input
6	V_{CC}
7	I_{pk} Sence
8	Driver Collector

Note 1: Two wires must be connected to 1 and 2 pin.